



Position No. 424

(See also No. 382, revised and reaffirmed July 10, 2015)

(See also No. 342, revised and reaffirmed June 8, 2012)

(See also No. 316, revised and reaffirmed July 17, 2009)

(See also No. 278, revised and reaffirmed July 21, 2006)

RESOLUTION
of the
WESTERN STATES WATER COUNCIL
regarding
WATER TRANSFERS
and
NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM
DISCHARGE PERMITS
Newport, Oregon
August 3, 2018
(revised and reaffirmed)

WHEREAS, the Western States Water Council has long declared its position that the transport of water through constructed conveyances to supply beneficial uses should not trigger federal NPDES permit requirements, simply because the transported water contains different chemical concentrations and physical constituents; and

WHEREAS, the Western States Water Council supports the ability of each Western State to use available authorities to place appropriate conditions on water transfers to protect water quality; and

WHEREAS, the EPA published 40 CFR Part 122.3(i), expressly excluding water transfers from regulation under the NPDES permitting program, and defining water transfers as an activity that conveys waters of the United States to another water of the United States without subjecting the water to intervening industrial, municipal, or commercial use; and

WHEREAS, the final rule relies on EPA's interpretation of the federal Clean Water Act and does not limit any ability of a State to use any available authority, including authority regarding nonpoint sources of pollution, to protect the water quality of the receiving water body in a water transfer;

WHEREAS, water transfers and water quality are essential to the social, economic and environmental well-being of the Western States, and

WHEREAS, the United States Court of Appeals in the cases of *Friends of the Everglades v. South Florida Water Management Dist.*, 570 F.3d 1210 (11th Cir. 2009), and *New York State et al. v. Environmental Protection Agency*, 846 F.3d 492 (2nd Cir. 2017), upheld EPA's Water Transfer Rule holding it to be a reasonable construction of the Clean Water Act and therefore entitled to deference by the Federal Courts, and on which decisions the United States Supreme Court subsequently denied Petitions for Writ of Certiorari;

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NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Western States Water Council generally supports EPA's amendment to its Clean Water Act regulations as codified in 40 CFR 122.3(i).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Western States Water Council supports the use by a State of available authorities to protect the water quality of the receiving water body in a water transfer.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Western States Water Council supports the codification of 40 CFR 122.3(i) into statute by the Congress.