

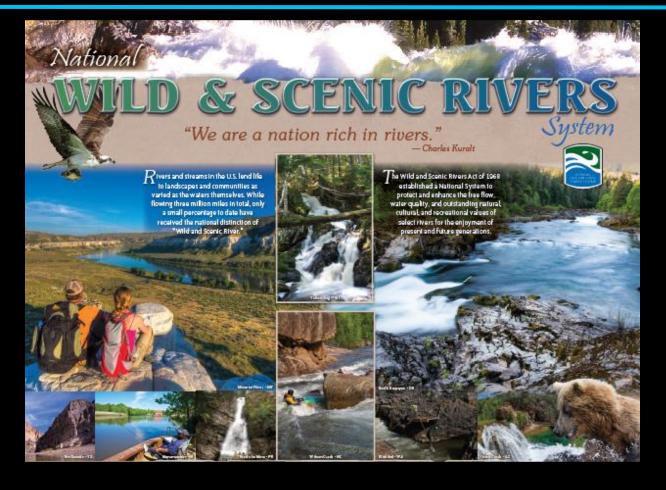






Wild & Scenic Rivers Act Overview





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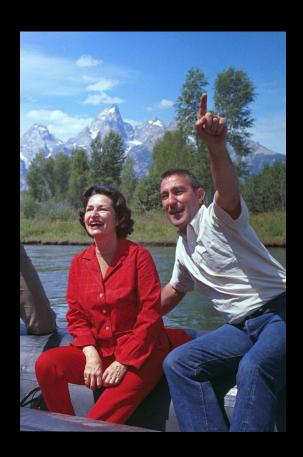
Wild & Scenic Rivers Act Overview



Beginnings of the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act



John and Frank Craighead



Lady Bird Johnson and Stuart Udall









Wild and Scenic Rivers Act

(16 U.S.C. 1271-1287)







- Public Law 90-542 (October 2, 1968) and amendments thereto
- Established the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System
- Complement the national policy of dam construction by preserving other selected rivers in their free flowing condition
- Designated 8 rivers; Identified 27 rivers to be studied for potential inclusion in the National System



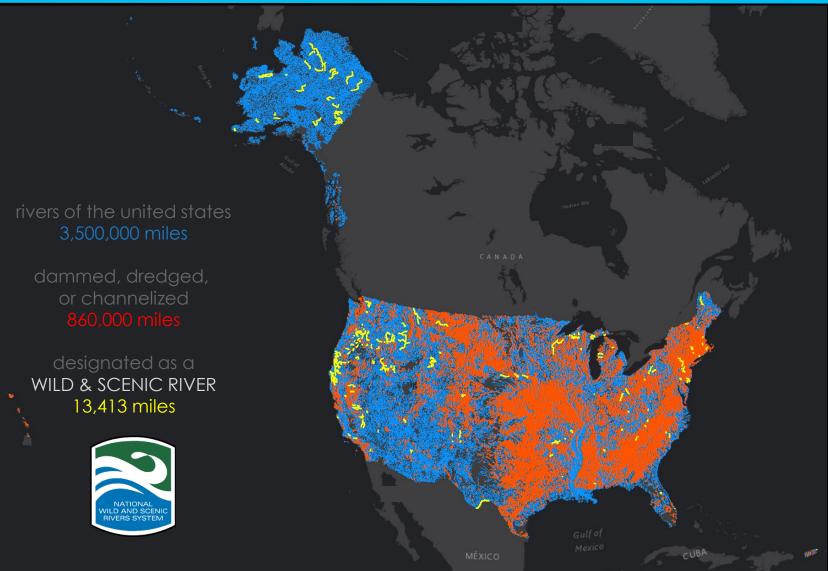












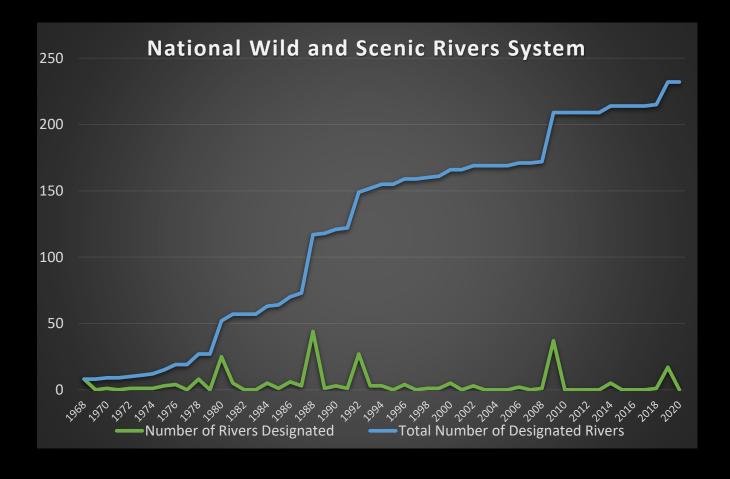












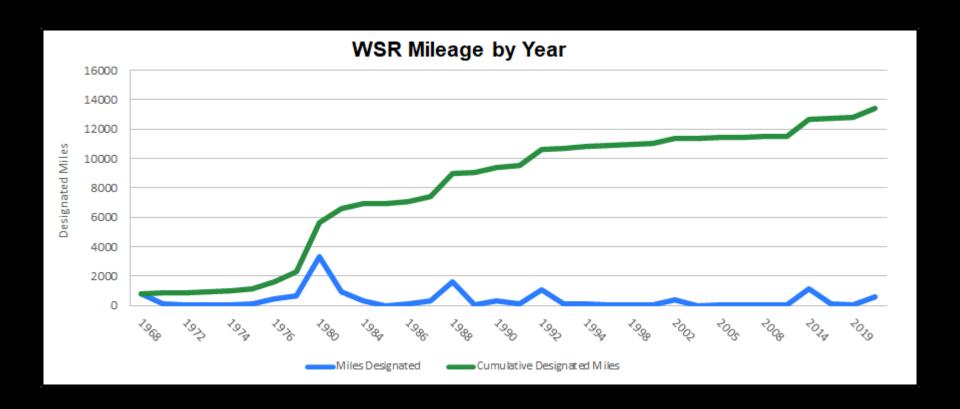




















Wild and Scenic Rivers Act - Sec. 1





"It is hereby declared to be the policy of the United States that certain selected rivers of the Nation which, with their immediate environments, possess outstandingly remarkable scenic, recreational, geologic, fish and wildlife, historic, cultural or other similar values, shall be preserved in **free-flowing** condition, and that they and their immediate environments shall be protected for the benefit and enjoyment of present and future generations."









Policy & Purpose



- Complement the national policy of dam construction by preserving other selected rivers:
 - Free flowing condition
 - Water quality
- Established a National Wild & Scenic Rivers System











River Values (Section 1 & 10)



"Protect and Enhance":

- Free-Flowing Condition
- Water Quality
- Outstandingly Remarkable Values (ORVs)











River Values





Free-Flowing

"...existing or flowing in a natural condition without impoundment, diversion, straightening, rip-rapping, or other modification of the waterway..."

- WSRA, Section 16(b)









River Values



Water Quality

...a policy that would preserve other selected rivers or sections thereof in their free-flowing condition to protect the water quality...

- WSRA, Section 1(b)











River Values



Outstandingly Remarkable Values

- Scenic
- Recreational
- Geologic
- ❖ Fish and Wildlife
- Historic
- Cultural
- ♦ Other Similar Values















Designation (Section 2)



by Congress, or

- by the Secretary of the Interior
 - If the river is already protected under state law and upon application of the governor(s) of a state(s)











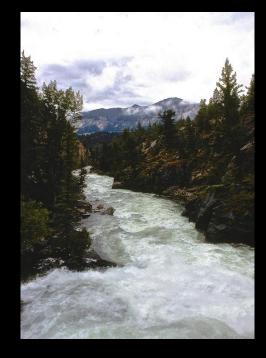


Classification (Section 2)



- 1) Wild
- 2) Scenic
- 3) Recreational

Different levels of development and access













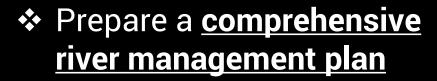


Agency Requirements (Section 3)



Establish a <u>river corridor</u><u>boundary</u>

 Average of not more than 320 acres per mile on both sides of the river (640 acres in AK and other WSRs, as identified in designating law)















Comprehensive River Management Plans



Provide for protection of river values

Address:

- Resource protection
- Development of lands and facilities
- User capacities
- Other management practices necessary or desirable to protect or enhance river values
- Be coordinated with resource management planning for affected adjacent federal lands
- Include consultation with Tribes, State and local governments, and the interested public
- Be prepared within 3 full fiscal years of designation









Study Rivers & Study Processes (Sections 4 & 5)



- Identified by Congress or Agencies
- Public Processes to Determine
 - Eligibility
 - Preliminary Classification
 - Suitability
- Study Reports & Recommendations
- Interim Boundaries & Protections











Protecting Free-Flowing Condition (Section 7)





New dam construction prohibited

Standards to evaluate other project activities proposed to take place below the ordinary high water mark









Federal Land (Sections 6, 8, 12)



- Limits on the amount of land federal agencies can acquire or dispose of/sell in the river corridor
- All federal agencies with control over actions in corridor and adjacent lands must protect river values











Mining (Section 9)



Mining and leasing activities are subject to valid existing rights

- River sections classified as "wild" are withdrawn from mining and mineral leasing in corridor
 - "Scenic" and "recreational" can be administratively withdrawn
- Congressionally Authorized Study Rivers withdrawn from mining for specified periods (usually three years)
 - Not withdrawn from mineral leasing laws









"Nondegradation & Enhancement" Policy (Section 10)



- Federal river administering agencies are directed to <u>protect and enhance</u> the values for which the river was designated
- When wilderness and WSR designation overlaps, the more restrictive legal provisions apply







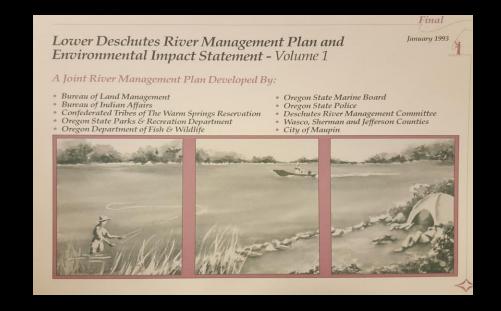




Cooperation & Partnerships (Sections 10 & 11)



- State and local participation in protecting designated rivers is encouraged
- Federal agencies are authorized to
 - enter into cooperative agreements
 - Provide technical and financial assistance











Water (Sections 12 and 13)



- Water Quality Directs federal agencies to cooperate with EPA and appropriate state water pollution agencies
- Water Quantity the amount of water necessary to protect river values is reserved
 - subject to state proceedings
 - federal reserved water rights





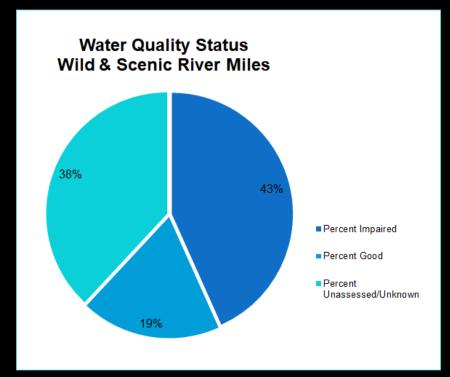




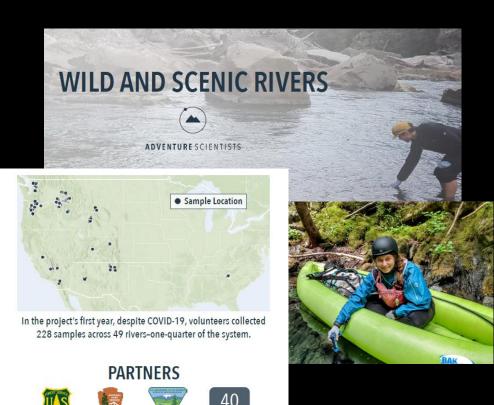


Wild & Scenic River Water Quality





rivers.gov/documents/state-waterquality-assessments.pdf



adventurescientists.org/rivers







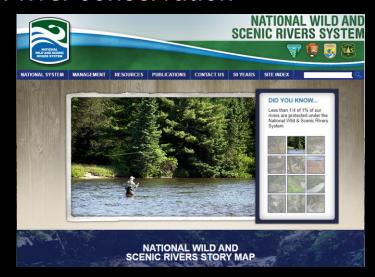


Interagency Wild & Scenic Rivers Coordinating Council



Chartered in 1995

<u>Goal</u>: To coordinate and strive for consistent interpretation of the Wild & Scenic Rivers Act; maintain it as the national and international standard for river conservation



rivers.gov

Training Partner



river-management.org/rivertraining-center











Thank you! Questions?



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