

POSITION of the WESTERN STATES WATER COUNCIL regarding SUPPORT FOR THE SECURE WATER ACT San Pedro, California September 26, 2025

WHEREAS, the Western States Water Council (WSWC) is a government entity representing eighteen states, with members appointed by their respective governors; and

WHEREAS, the WSWC's mission is to ensure that the West has an adequate, secure, and sustainable supply of water of suitable quality to meet its diverse economic and environmental needs now and in the future; and

WHEREAS, the WSWC has long been involved in western water conservation, development, protection, and management issues, and the member states and political subdivisions have long been partners in cooperative federal water programs; and

WHEREAS, in the West, water is a critical, vital resource and "...States bear the primary responsibility and authority for managing the water resources of the United States," as recognized in the SECURE Water Act¹; and

WHEREAS, Western water law and policy are based on the reality of scarcity and the need to use water wisely, and Western states have made great strides in increasing efficiency and reducing water use, but continued investments and sacrifices are needed to maintain our quality of life in the West and to protect our environment; and

WHEREAS, the Act also recognizes that "the Federal Government should support the States, as well as regional, local and tribal governments..." and authorizes a number of important programs to provide this much needed support; and

WHEREAS, the WSWC supports technical and financial assistance to states and local watershed groups and water districts as an appropriate federal role, consistent with authorized federal programs; and

WHEREAS, the WSWC has long supported watershed and basin-wide coordination that involves all governmental entities and stakeholders interested in finding solutions to present and future water management challenges; and

WHEREAS, Section 9504 of the Act authorizes the Secretary of the Department of the Interior (DOI) to provide grants or enter into cooperative agreements to assist states and other non-federal entities in carrying out a range of water use efficiency improvements to address crucial water supply issues, stretch limited water supplies, and improve water management; and

¹ See Section 9501, SECURE Water Act, which Congress passed as Subtitle F of the Omnibus Public Lands Management Act of 2009 (Public Law 111-11).

- WHEREAS, the Act authorizes a variety of activities to enhance the DOI's water data efforts with significant progress made on these activities, including the development of a national groundwater monitoring program, a brackish water assessment, and the establishment of a national water availability and use assessment; and
- WHEREAS, USGS provides "grants to State water resource agencies to assist in developing water use and availability datasets" under the Water-Use Data and Research (WUDR) program, in support of the Water Use Data for the Nation publication and the National Water Census; and
- WHEREAS, authorization and funding for the DOI WaterSMART programs have expired or appropriations have largely been depleted and some have gone unfunded or underfunded or remain dependent on year-to-year appropriations, as opposed to a dedicated line item.
- **NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED**, that the WSWC expresses our continuing strong support for authorization and implementation of the SECURE Water Act and related programs; and
- **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that Western States recognize that too often program authorization and appropriations have not kept up with the need, limiting program participation and benefits; and
- **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that the WSWC encourages the Administration to request and the Congress to ensure that the Act's authorized activities receive support and appropriations that are adequate to fulfill their stated purposes as a dedicated line item, as well as focus existing resources on these important programs.

(See also Position No. 488, October 21, 2022; No. 439, October 18, 2019; No. 397, September 30, 2016; and No. 357, October 3, 2013.)